1	PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT ACT
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	House Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts the Public Infrastructure District Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
13	• imposes a limit on a property tax levy for the operation of a public infrastructure
14	district;
15	• imposes a limit on certain bonds that a public infrastructure district may issue;
16	<ul> <li>allows for local entities to create public infrastructure districts;</li> </ul>
17	<ul> <li>provides for the appointment and potential election, in certain circumstances, of</li> </ul>
18	members of the board of trustees of a public infrastructure district;
19	<ul><li>provides for the issuance of bonds for certain purposes;</li></ul>
20	<ul> <li>allows a public infrastructure district to charge certain fees;</li> </ul>
21	<ul> <li>imposes certain transparency requirements on public infrastructure districts;</li> </ul>
22	<ul> <li>allows a public infrastructure district to impose a property tax penalty in the event</li> </ul>
23	of nonpayment;
24	<ul> <li>limits the time period during which a person may bring certain legal challenges</li> </ul>
25	against a public infrastructure district;
26	<ul> <li>requires the inclusion of a certain property tax penalty on the property tax notice;</li> </ul>
27	and
28	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
29	Money Appropriated in this Bill:

30	None
31	Other Special Clauses:
32	None
33	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
34	AMENDS:
35	11-42-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 396
36	17B-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 176
37	17B-1-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352
38	59-2-1317, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 197
39	ENACTS:
40	17B-2a-1201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	17B-2a-1202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	17B-2a-1203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	17B-2a-1204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	17B-2a-1205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	17B-2a-1206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	17B-2a-1207, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	17B-2a-1208, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	17B-2a-1209, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	17B-2a-1210, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	17B-2a-1211, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	17B-2a-1212, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	17B-2a-1213, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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54 55	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
55 56	Section 1. Section 11-42-201 is amended to read:  11-42-201. Resolution or ordinance designating an assessment area
20	11-44-401. Resolution of orumance designating an assessment area

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S.B. 228

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Classifications within an assessment area -- Preconditions to adoption of a resolution or

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(1) (a) Subject to the requirements of this part, a governing body of a local entity intending to levy an assessment on property to pay some or all of the cost of providing improvements benefitting the property, performing operation and maintenance benefitting the property, or conducting economic promotion activities benefitting the property shall adopt a resolution or ordinance designating an assessment area.

- (b) A designation resolution or designation ordinance described in Subsection (1)(a) may divide the assessment area into multiple classifications to allow the governing body to:
  - (i) levy a different level of assessment; or
- (ii) use a different assessment method in each classification to reflect more fairly the benefits that property within the different classifications is expected to receive because of the proposed improvement, operation and maintenance, or economic promotion activities.
  - (c) The boundaries of a proposed assessment area:
  - (i) may include property that is not intended to be assessed; and
- 72 (ii) except for an assessment area within a public infrastructure district as defined in
  73 Section 17B-1-102, may not be coextensive or substantially coterminous with the boundaries of
  74 the local entity.
- 75 (2) Before adopting a designation resolution or designation ordinance described in Subsection (1)(a), the governing body of the local entity shall:
  - (a) give notice as provided in Section 11-42-202;
  - (b) receive and consider all protests filed under Section 11-42-203; and
- 79 (c) hold a public hearing as provided in Section 11-42-204.
- Section 2. Section **17B-1-102** is amended to read:
- 81 **17B-1-102. Definitions.**
- As used in this title:
- 83 (1) "Appointing authority" means the person or body authorized to make an appointment to the board of trustees.
- 85 (2) "Basic local district":

86 (a) means a local district that is not a specialized local district; and 87 (b) includes an entity that was, under the law in effect before April 30, 2007, created 88 and operated as a local district, as defined under the law in effect before April 30, 2007. 89 (3) "Bond" means: 90 (a) a written obligation to repay borrowed money, whether denominated a bond, note, 91 warrant, certificate of indebtedness, or otherwise; and 92 (b) a lease agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other agreement that: 93 (i) includes an obligation by the district to pay money; and 94 (ii) the district's board of trustees, in its discretion, treats as a bond for purposes of Title 95 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, or Title 11, Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond 96 Act. 97 (4) "Cemetery maintenance district" means a local district that operates under and is 98 subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 1, Cemetery Maintenance District Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a cemetery maintenance district under 99 100 the law in effect before April 30, 2007. 101 (5) "Drainage district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 2, Drainage District Act, including an entity that 102 103 was created and operated as a drainage district under the law in effect before April 30, 2007. (6) "Facility" or "facilities" includes any structure, building, system, land, water right, 104 105 water, or other real or personal property required to provide a service that a local district is 106 authorized to provide, including any related or appurtenant easement or right-of-way, improvement, utility, landscaping, sidewalk, road, curb, gutter, equipment, or furnishing. 107 108

- (7) "Fire protection district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 3, Fire Protection District Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a fire protection district under the law in effect before April 30, 2007.
  - (8) "General obligation bond":

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(a) means a bond that is directly payable from and secured by ad valorem property

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taxes that are:

115	(i) levied:
116	(A) by the district that issues the bond; and
117	(B) on taxable property within the district; and
118	(ii) in excess of the ad valorem property taxes of the district for the current fiscal year;
119	and
120	(b) does not include:
121	(i) a short-term bond;
122	(ii) a tax and revenue anticipation bond; or
123	(iii) a special assessment bond.
124	(9) "Improvement assurance" means a surety bond, letter of credit, cash, or other
125	security:
126	(a) to guarantee the proper completion of an improvement;
127	(b) that is required before a local district may provide a service requested by a service
128	applicant; and
129	(c) that is offered to a local district to induce the local district before construction of an
130	improvement begins to:
131	(i) provide the requested service; or
132	(ii) commit to provide the requested service.
133	(10) "Improvement assurance warranty" means a promise that the materials and
134	workmanship of an improvement:
135	(a) comply with standards adopted by a local district; and
136	(b) will not fail in any material respect within an agreed warranty period.
137	(11) "Improvement district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to
138	the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 4, Improvement District Act, including an
139	entity that was created and operated as a county improvement district under the law in effect
140	before April 30, 2007.
141	(12) "Irrigation district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the

142	provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act, including an entity that
143	was created and operated as an irrigation district under the law in effect before April 30, 2007.
144	(13) "Local district" means a limited purpose local government entity, as described in
145	Section 17B-1-103, that operates under, is subject to, and has the powers set forth in:
146	(a) this chapter; or
147	(b) (i) this chapter; and
148	(ii) (A) Chapter 2a, Part 1, Cemetery Maintenance District Act;
149	(B) Chapter 2a, Part 2, Drainage District Act;
150	(C) Chapter 2a, Part 3, Fire Protection District Act;
151	(D) Chapter 2a, Part 4, Improvement District Act;
152	(E) Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act;
153	(F) Chapter 2a, Part 6, Metropolitan Water District Act;
154	(G) Chapter 2a, Part 7, Mosquito Abatement District Act;
155	(H) Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act;
156	(I) Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service Area Act;
157	(J) Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act; [or]
158	(K) Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act[-]; or
159	(L) Chapter 2a, Part 12, Public Infrastructure District Act.
160	(14) "Metropolitan water district" means a local district that operates under and is
161	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 6, Metropolitan Water District
162	Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a metropolitan water district under the
163	law in effect before April 30, 2007.
164	(15) "Mosquito abatement district" means a local district that operates under and is
165	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 7, Mosquito Abatement District
166	Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a mosquito abatement district under
167	the law in effect before April 30, 2007.
168	(16) "Municipal" means of or relating to a municipality.
169	(17) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township.

170	(18) "Municipal services district" means a local district that operates under and is
171	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District
172	Act.
173	(19) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association,
174	trust, governmental agency, or other legal entity.
175	(20) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, metro township, local district
176	under this title, special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act,
177	an entity created by interlocal cooperation agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
178	Cooperation Act, or any other governmental entity designated in statute as a political
179	subdivision of the state.
180	(21) "Private," with respect to real property, means not owned by the United States or
181	any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, or a political subdivision.
182	(22) "Public entity" means:
183	(a) the United States or an agency of the United States;
184	(b) the state or an agency of the state;
185	(c) a political subdivision of the state or an agency of a political subdivision of the
186	state;
187	(d) another state or an agency of that state; or
188	(e) a political subdivision of another state or an agency of that political subdivision.
189	(23) "Public infrastructure district" means a local district that operates under and is
190	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 12, Public Infrastructure District
191	Act.
192	[(23)] (24) "Public transit district" means a local district that operates under and is
193	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act,
194	including an entity that was created and operated as a public transit district under the law in
195	effect before April 30, 2007.
196	[ <del>(24)</del> ] <u>(25)</u> "Revenue bond":
197	(a) means a bond payable from designated taxes or other revenues other than the local

198	district's ad valorem property taxes; and
199	(b) does not include:
200	(i) an obligation constituting an indebtedness within the meaning of an applicable
201	constitutional or statutory debt limit;
202	(ii) a tax and revenue anticipation bond; or
203	(iii) a special assessment bond.
204	[(25)] (26) "Rules of order and procedure" means a set of rules that govern and
205	prescribe in a public meeting:
206	(a) parliamentary order and procedure;
207	(b) ethical behavior; and
208	(c) civil discourse.
209	[(26)] (27) "Service applicant" means a person who requests that a local district
210	provide a service that the local district is authorized to provide.
211	[(27)] (28) "Service area" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the
212	provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service Area Act, including an entity that was
213	created and operated as a county service area or a regional service area under the law in effect
214	before April 30, 2007.
215	[(28)] (29) "Short-term bond" means a bond that is required to be repaid during the
216	fiscal year in which the bond is issued.
217	[(29)] (30) "Special assessment" means an assessment levied against property to pay all
218	or a portion of the costs of making improvements that benefit the property.
219	[(30)] (31) "Special assessment bond" means a bond payable from special assessments.
220	[(31)] (32) "Specialized local district" means a local district that is a cemetery
221	maintenance district, a drainage district, a fire protection district, an improvement district, an
222	irrigation district, a metropolitan water district, a mosquito abatement district, a public transit
223	district, a service area, a water conservancy district, [or] a municipal services district, or a
224	public infrastructure district.
225	[(32)] (33) "Taxable value" means the taxable value of property as computed from the

226	most recent equalized assessment roll for county purposes.
227	[(33)] (34) "Tax and revenue anticipation bond" means a bond:
228	(a) issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes or other revenues or a combination
229	of taxes and other revenues; and
230	(b) that matures within the same fiscal year as the fiscal year in which the bond is
231	issued.
232	[(34)] (35) "Unincorporated" means not included within a municipality.
233	[(35)] (36) "Water conservancy district" means a local district that operates under and
234	is subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water Conservancy District
235	Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a water conservancy district under the
236	law in effect before April 30, 2007.
237	[(36)] (37) "Works" includes a dam, reservoir, well, canal, conduit, pipeline, drain,
238	tunnel, power plant, and any facility, improvement, or property necessary or convenient for
239	supplying or treating water for any beneficial use, and for otherwise accomplishing the
240	purposes of a local district.
241	Section 3. Section 17B-1-1102 is amended to read:
242	17B-1-1102. General obligation bonds.
243	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if a district intends to issue general obligation
244	bonds, the district shall first obtain the approval of district voters for issuance of the bonds at
245	an election held for that purpose as provided in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government
246	Bonding Act.
247	(2) General obligation bonds shall be secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of
248	the district, subject[-,] to:
249	(a) for a water conservancy district, [to] the property tax levy limits of Section
250	17B-2a-1006[ <del>-</del> ]; and
251	(b) for a limited tax bond as defined in Section 17B-2a-1202 that a public
252	infrastructure district issues, the property tax levy limits of Section 17B-2a-1209.

(3) A district may issue refunding general obligation bonds, as provided in Title 11,

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254	Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond Act, without obtaining voter approval.
255	(4) (a) A local district may not issue general obligation bonds if the issuance of the
256	bonds will cause the outstanding principal amount of all of the district's general obligation
257	bonds to exceed the amount that results from multiplying the fair market value of the taxable
258	property within the district, as determined under Subsection 11-14-301(3)(b), by a number that
259	is:
260	(i) .05, for a basic local district;
261	(ii) .004, for a cemetery maintenance district;
262	(iii) .002, for a drainage district;
263	(iv) .004, for a fire protection district;
264	(v) .024, for an improvement district;
265	(vi) .1, for an irrigation district;
266	(vii) .1, for a metropolitan water district;
267	(viii) .0004, for a mosquito abatement district;
268	(ix) .03, for a public transit district;
269	(x) .12, for a service area; [or]
270	(xi) .05 for a municipal services district[-]; or
271	(xii) except for a limited tax bond as defined in Section 17B-2a-1202, .15 for a public
272	infrastructure district.
273	(b) Bonds or other obligations of a local district that are not general obligation bonds
274	are not included in the limit stated in Subsection (4)(a).
275	(5) A district may not be considered to be a municipal corporation for purposes of the
276	debt limitation of the Utah Constitution, Article XIV, Section 4.
277	(6) Bonds issued by an administrative or legal entity created under Title 11, Chapter
278	13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, may not be considered to be bonds of a local district that
279	participates in the agreement creating the administrative or legal entity.
280	Section 4. Section 17B-2a-1201 is enacted to read:
281	Part 12. Public Infrastructure District Act

282	<u>17B-2a-1201.</u> Title.
283	This part is known as "Public Infrastructure District Act."
284	Section 5. Section 17B-2a-1202 is enacted to read:
285	17B-2a-1202. Definitions.
286	As used in this part:
287	(1) "Board" means the board of trustees of a public infrastructure district.
288	(2) "Creating entity" means the county or municipality that approves of the creation of
289	the public infrastructure district.
290	(3) "District applicant" means the person proposing the creation of the public
291	infrastructure district.
292	(4) "Division" means a division of a public infrastructure district:
293	(a) that is relatively equal in number of eligible voters or potential eligible voters to all
294	other divisions within the public infrastructure district, taking into account existing or potential
295	developments which, when completed, would increase or decrease the population within the
296	public infrastructure district; and
297	(b) which a member of the board represents.
298	(5) "Governing document" means the document governing the public infrastructure
299	district to which the creating entity agrees before the creation of the public infrastructure
300	district, as amended from time to time, and subject to the limitations of Chapter 1, Provisions
301	Applicable to All Local Districts, and this part.
302	(6) (a) "Limited tax bond" means a bond:
303	(i) that is directly payable from and secured by ad valorem property taxes that are
304	<u>levied:</u>
305	(A) by the public infrastructure district that issues the bond; and
306	(B) on taxable property within the district;
307	(ii) that is a general obligation of the public infrastructure district; and
308	(iii) for which the ad valorem property tax levy for repayment of the bond does not
309	exceed the mill rate limit established under Section 17B-2a-1209 for any fiscal year, except as

310	provided in Subsection 17B-2a-1207(8).
311	(b) "Limited tax bond" does not include:
312	(i) a short-term bond;
313	(ii) a tax and revenue anticipation bond; or
314	(iii) a special assessment bond.
315	Section 6. Section 17B-2a-1203 is enacted to read:
316	17B-2a-1203. Provisions applicable to public infrastructure districts.
317	(1) Each public infrastructure district is governed by and has the powers stated in:
318	(a) this part; and
319	(b) Chapter 1, Provisions Applicable to All Local Districts.
320	(2) This part applies only to a public infrastructure district.
321	(3) A public infrastructure district is not subject to the provisions of any other part of
322	this chapter.
323	(4) If there is a conflict between a provision in Chapter 1, Provisions Applicable to All
324	Local Districts, and a provision in this part, the provision in this part governs.
325	Section 7. Section 17B-2a-1204 is enacted to read:
326	<u>17B-2a-1204.</u> Creation.
327	(1) In addition to the provisions regarding creation of a local district in Chapter 1,
328	Provisions Applicable to All Local Districts, a public infrastructure district may not be created
329	unless:
330	(a) if there are any registered voters within the applicable area, a petition is filed with
331	the creating entity that contains the signatures of 100% of registered voters within the
332	applicable area approving the creation of the public infrastructure district; and
333	(b) a petition is filed with the creating entity that contains the signatures of 100% of
334	surface property owners within the applicable area consenting to the creation of the public
335	infrastructure district.
336	(2) The election requirement of Section 17B-1-214 does not apply to a petition meeting
337	the requirements of Subsection (1).

338	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Chapter 1, Part 4, Annexation, an area outside of the
339	boundaries of a public infrastructure district may be annexed into the public infrastructure
340	district after:
341	(i) adoption of resolutions of the board and the creating entity, each approving of the
342	annexation;
343	(ii) if there are any registered voters within the area proposed to be annexed, a petition
344	is filed with the creating entity that contains the signatures of 100% of registered voters within
345	the area and approves of the annexation into the public infrastructure district; and
346	(iii) a petition is filed with the creating entity that contains the signatures of 100% of
347	surface property owners within the area proposed to be annexed and consents to the annexation
348	into the public infrastructure district.
349	(b) Upon meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the board shall comply with
350	the resolution and filing requirements of Subsections 17B-1-414(1) and (2).
351	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Chapter 1, Part 5, Withdrawal, property may be withdrawn
352	from a public infrastructure district after:
353	(A) adoption of resolutions of the board and the creating entity, each approving of the
354	annexation;
355	(B) if there are any registered voters within the area proposed to be withdrawn, a
356	petition is filed with the creating entity that contains the signatures of 100% of registered voters
357	within the area and approves of the withdrawal from the public infrastructure district; and
358	(C) a petition is filed with the creating entity that contains the signatures of 100% of
359	surface property owners within the area proposed to be withdrawn and consents to the
360	withdrawal from the public infrastructure district.
361	(ii) If any bonds that the public infrastructure district issues are allocable to the area to
362	be withdrawn remain unpaid at the time of the proposed withdrawal, the property remains
363	subject to any taxes, fees, or assessments that the public infrastructure district imposes until the
364	bonds or any associated refunding bonds are paid.
365	(d) Upon meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(c), the board shall comply with

366	the requirements of Section 17B-1-512.
367	(4) The creating entity may impose limitations on the powers of the public
368	infrastructure district through the governing document.
369	(5) (a) A public infrastructure district is separate and distinct from the creating entity.
370	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), any financial burden of a public
371	infrastructure district:
372	(A) is borne solely by the public infrastructure district; and
373	(B) is not borne by the creating entity or any municipality, county, the state, or any
374	other political subdivision.
375	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b)(i) and Section 17B-1-216, the governing
376	document may require:
377	(A) the district applicant to bear the initial costs of the public infrastructure district;
378	<u>and</u>
379	(B) the public infrastructure district to reimburse the district applicant for the initial
380	costs the creating entity bears.
381	(c) Any liability, judgment, or claim against a public infrastructure district:
382	(i) is the sole responsibility of the public infrastructure district; and
383	(ii) does not constitute a liability, judgment, or claim against the creating entity, the
384	state, or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision.
385	(d) (i) (A) The public infrastructure district solely bears the responsibility of any
386	collection, enforcement, or foreclosure proceeding with regard to any tax, fee, or assessment
387	the public infrastructure district imposes.
388	(B) The creating entity does not bear the responsibility described in Subsection
389	(5)(d)(i)(A).
390	(ii) A public infrastructure district, and not the creating entity, shall undertake the
391	enforcement responsibility described in, as applicable, Subsection (5)(d)(i) in accordance with
392	Title 59, Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, or Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act.
393	(6) The creating entity may establish criteria in determining whether to approve or

394	disapprove of the creation of a public infrastructure district, including:
395	(a) historical performance of the district applicant;
396	(b) compliance with the creating entity's master plan;
397	(c) credit worthiness of the district applicant;
398	(d) plan of finance of the public infrastructure district; and
399	(e) proposed development within the public infrastructure district.
400	(7) (a) The creation of a public infrastructure district is subject to the sole discretion of
401	the creating entity responsible for approving or rejecting the creation of the public
402	infrastructure district.
403	(b) The proposed creating entity bears no liability for rejecting the proposed creation of
404	a public infrastructure district.
405	Section 8. Section 17B-2a-1205 is enacted to read:
406	17B-2a-1205. Public infrastructure district board Governing document.
407	(1) The legislative body of the entity that approves the creation of a public
408	infrastructure district shall appoint the members of the board, in accordance with the governing
409	document.
410	(2) (a) Unless otherwise limited in the governing document and except as provided in
411	Subsection (2)(b), the initial term of each member of the board is four years.
412	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), approximately half of the members of the initial
413	board shall serve a six-year term so that, after the expiration of the initial term, the term of
414	approximately half the board members expires every two years.
415	(c) A board may elect that a majority of the board serve an initial term of six years.
416	(d) After the initial term, the term of each member of the board is four years.
417	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 17B-1-302(1)(b), a board member is not required
418	to be a resident within the boundaries of the public infrastructure district if:
419	(i) all of the surface property owners consent to the waiver of the residency
420	requirement;
421	(ii) there are no residents within the boundaries of the public infrastructure district:

422	(iii) no qualified candidate timely files to be considered for appointment to the board;
423	<u>or</u>
424	(iv) no qualified individual files a declaration of candidacy for a board position in
425	accordance with Subsection 17B-1-306(4).
426	(b) Except under the circumstances described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (iv), the
427	residency requirement in Subsection 17B-1-302(1)(b) is applicable to any board member
428	elected for a division or board position that has transitioned from an appointed to an elected
429	board member in accordance with this section.
430	(c) An individual who is not a resident within the boundaries of the public
431	infrastructure district may not serve as a board member unless the individual is:
432	(i) an owner of land or an agent or officer of the owner of land within the boundaries of
433	the public infrastructure district; and
434	(ii) a registered voter at the individual's primary residence.
435	(4) (a) A governing document may provide for a transition from legislative body
436	appointment under Subsection (1) to a method of election by registered voters based upon
437	milestones or events that the governing document identifies, including a milestone for each
438	division or individual board position providing that when the milestone is reached:
439	(i) for a division, the registered voters of the division elect a member of the board in
440	place of an appointed member at the next municipal general election for the board position; or
441	(ii) for an at large board position established in the governing document, the registered
442	voters of the public infrastructure district elect a member of the board in place of an appointed
443	member at the next municipal general election for the board position.
444	(b) Regardless of whether a board member is elected under Subsection (4)(a), the
445	position of each remaining board member shall continue to be appointed under Subsection (1)
446	until the member's respective division or board position surpasses the density milestone
447	described in the governing document.
448	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(c), the board may, in the board's discretion but no
449	more frequently than every four years, reestablish the boundaries of each division so that each

450	division that has reached a milestone specified in the governing document, as described in
451	Subsection (4)(a), has, as nearly as possible, the same number of eligible voters.
452	(b) In reestablishing division boundaries under Subsection (5)(a), the board shall
453	consider existing or potential developments within the divisions which, when completed,
154	would increase or decrease the number of eligible voters within the division.
455	(c) The governing document may prohibit the board from reestablishing, without the
456	consent of the creating entity, the division boundaries as described in Subsection (5)(a).
457	(6) The public infrastructure district may not compensate a board member for the
458	member's service on the board under Section 17B-1-307 unless the board member is a resident
<b>1</b> 59	within the boundaries of the public infrastructure district.
460	(7) The governing document shall:
461	(a) include a boundary description and a map of the public infrastructure district;
462	(b) state the number of board members;
463	(c) describe any divisions of the public infrastructure district;
164	(d) establish any applicable mill rate limit for the public infrastructure district;
465	(e) establish any applicable limitation on the principal amount of indebtedness for the
466	public infrastructure district; and
467	(f) include other information that the public infrastructure district or the creating entity
468	determines to be necessary or advisable.
169	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), the board and the governing body of
470	the creating entity may amend a governing document by each adopting a resolution that
471	approves the amended governing document.
172	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), any amendment to a property tax mill limitation
473	requires:
474	(i) before the adoption of the resolution of the creating entity described in Subsection
475	(8)(a), the public infrastructure district to comply with the notice and public hearing
476	requirements of Section 59-2-919, with at least one member of the governing body of the
177	creating entity attending the public hearing required in Subsection 59-2-919(3)(a)(v) or (4)(b);

<b>1</b> 78	<u>or</u>
179	(ii) the consent of:
480	(A) 100% of surface property owners within the boundaries of the public infrastructure
481	district; and
482	(B) 100% of the registered voters, if any, within the boundaries of the public
483	infrastructure district.
484	(9) A board member is not in violation of Section 67-16-9 if the board member:
485	(a) discloses a business relationship in accordance with Sections 67-16-7 and 67-16-8
486	and files the disclosure with the creating entity:
487	(i) before any appointment or election; and
488	(ii) upon any significant change in the business relationship; and
189	(b) conducts the affairs of the public infrastructure district in accordance with this title
490	and any parameters described in the governing document.
491	Section 9. Section 17B-2a-1206 is enacted to read:
192	17B-2a-1206. Additional public infrastructure district powers.
492 493	<u>17B-2a-1206.</u> Additional public infrastructure district powers.  In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section
193	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section
193 194	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:
193 194 195 196	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:
493 494 495 496 497	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending
193 194 195	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending any of the improvements, facilities, or property allowed under Section 11-14-103;
493 494 495 496 497 498	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending any of the improvements, facilities, or property allowed under Section 11-14-103;  (b) capital costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section
493 494 495 496 497 498	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending any of the improvements, facilities, or property allowed under Section 11-14-103;  (b) capital costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section 11-42a-102, and other related costs, against the funds that the public infrastructure district will
493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending any of the improvements, facilities, or property allowed under Section 11-14-103;  (b) capital costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section 11-42a-102, and other related costs, against the funds that the public infrastructure district will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section
493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending any of the improvements, facilities, or property allowed under Section 11-14-103;  (b) capital costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section 11-42a-102, and other related costs, against the funds that the public infrastructure district will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section 11-42a-401;
493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501	In addition to the powers conferred on a public infrastructure district under Section  17B-1-103, a public infrastructure district may:  (1) issue negotiable bonds to pay:  (a) all or part of the costs of acquiring, acquiring an interest in, improving, or extending any of the improvements, facilities, or property allowed under Section 11-14-103;  (b) capital costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section 11-42a-102, and other related costs, against the funds that the public infrastructure district will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area, as defined in Section 11-42a-401;  (c) public improvements related to the provision of housing; and

506	of the public infrastructure district, within the limitations of Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
507	Cooperation Act, without the consent of the creating entity;
508	(3) acquire completed or partially completed improvements for fair market value as
509	reasonably determined by:
510	(a) the board;
511	(b) the creating entity, if required in the governing document; or
512	(c) a surveyor or engineer that a public infrastructure district employs or engages to
513	perform the necessary engineering services for and to supervise the construction or installation
514	of the improvements; and
515	(4) contract with the creating entity for the creating entity to provide administrative
516	services on behalf of the public infrastructure district, when agreed to by both parties, in order
517	to achieve cost savings and economic efficiencies, at the discretion of the creating entity.
518	Section 10. Section 17B-2a-1207 is enacted to read:
519	17B-2a-1207. Public infrastructure district bonds.
520	(1) A public infrastructure district may issue negotiable bonds for the purposes
521	described in Section 17B-2a-1206, as provided in, as applicable:
522	(a) Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act;
523	(b) Title 11, Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond Act;
524	(c) Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act; and
525	(d) this section.
526	(2) A public infrastructure district bond:
527	(a) shall mature within 40 years of the date of issuance; and
528	(b) may not be secured by any improvement or facility paid for by the public
529	infrastructure district.
530	(3) (a) A public infrastructure district may issue a limited tax bond, in the same manner
531	as a general obligation bond:
532	(i) with the consent of 100% of surface property owners within the boundaries of the
533	public infrastructure district and 100% of the registered voters, if any, within the boundaries of

534	the proposed public infrastructure district; or
535	(ii) upon approval of a majority of the registered voters within the boundaries of the
536	public infrastructure district voting in an election held for that purpose under Title 11, Chapter
537	14, Local Government Bonding Act.
538	(b) A limited tax bond described in Subsection (3)(a):
539	(i) is not subject to the limitation on a general obligation bond described in Subsection
540	17B-1-1102(4)(a)(xii); and
541	(ii) is subject to a limitation, if any, on the principal amount of indebtedness as
542	described in the governing document.
543	(c) Unless limited tax bonds are initially purchased exclusively by one or more
544	qualified institutional buyers as defined in Rule 144A, 17 C.F.R. Sec. 230.144A, the public
545	infrastructure district may only issue limited tax bonds in denominations of not less than
546	\$500,000, and in integral multiples above \$500,000 of not less than \$1,000 each.
547	(d) (i) Without any further election or consent of property owners or registered voters,
548	a public infrastructure district may convert a limited tax bond described in Subsection (3)(a) to
549	a general obligation bond if the principal amount of the related limited tax bond together with
550	the principal amount of other related outstanding general obligation bonds of the public
551	infrastructure district does not exceed 15% of the fair market value of taxable property in the
552	public improvement district securing the general obligation bonds, determined by:
553	(A) an appraisal from an appraiser who is a member of the Appraisal Institute that is
554	addressed to the public infrastructure district or a financial institution; or
555	(B) the most recent market value of the property from the assessor of the county in
556	which the property is located.
557	(ii) The consent to the issuance of a limited tax bond described in Subsection (3)(a) is
558	sufficient to meet any statutory or constitutional election requirement necessary for the
559	issuance of the limited tax bond and any general obligation bond to be issued in place of the
560	limited tax bond upon meeting the requirements of this Subsection (3)(d).
561	(iii) A general obligation bond resulting from a conversion of a limited tax bond under

562	this Subsection (3)(d) is not subject to the limitation on general obligation bonds described in
563	<u>Subsection 17B-1-1102(4)(a)(xii).</u>
564	(4) There is no limitation on the duration of revenues that a public infrastructure
565	district may receive to cover any shortfall in the payment of principal of and interest on a bond
566	that the public infrastructure district issues.
567	(5) A public infrastructure district is not a municipal corporation for purposes of the
568	debt limitation of Utah Constitution, Article XIV, Section 4.
569	(6) The board may, by resolution, delegate to one or more officers of the public
570	infrastructure district the authority to:
571	(a) in accordance and within the parameters set forth in a resolution adopted in
572	accordance with Section 11-14-302, approve the final interest rate, price, principal amount,
573	maturity, redemption features, and other terms of the bond;
574	(b) approve and execute any document relating to the issuance of a bond; and
575	(c) approve any contract related to the acquisition and construction of the
576	improvements, facilities, or property to be financed with a bond.
577	(7) (a) Any person may contest the legality of the issuance of a public infrastructure
578	district bond or any provisions for the security and payment of the bond for a period of 30 days
579	after:
580	(i) publication of the resolution authorizing the bond; or
581	(ii) publication of a notice of bond containing substantially the items required under
582	<u>Subsection 11-14-316(2).</u>
583	(b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (7)(a), no person may bring a
584	lawsuit or other proceeding contesting the regularity, formality, or legality of the bond for any
585	reason.
586	(8) (a) In the event of any statutory change in the methodology of assessment or
587	collection of property taxes in a manner that reduces the amounts which are devoted or pledged
588	to the repayment of limited tax bonds, a public infrastructure district may charge a rate
589	sufficient to receive the amount of property taxes or assessment the public infrastructure

590	district would have received before the statutory change in order to pay the debt service on
591	outstanding limited tax bonds.
592	(b) The rate increase described in Subsection (8)(a) may exceed the limit described in
593	Section 17B-2a-1209.
594	(c) The public infrastructure district may charge the rate increase described in
595	Subsection (8)(a) until the bonds, including any associated refunding bonds, or other securities,
596	together with applicable interest, are fully met and discharged.
597	Section 11. Section 17B-2a-1208 is enacted to read:
598	<u>17B-2a-1208.</u> Fees.
599	A public infrastructure district may charge a fee or other charge for an administrative
600	service that the public infrastructure district provides, to pay some or all of the public
601	infrastructure district's:
602	(1) costs of acquiring, improving, or extending improvements, facilities, or property; or
603	(2) costs associated with the enforcement of a legal remedy.
604	Section 12. Section 17B-2a-1209 is enacted to read:
605	17B-2a-1209. Limits on public infrastructure district property tax levy Notice
606	requirements.
607	(1) The property tax levy of a public infrastructure district, for all purposes, including
608	payment of debt service on limited tax bonds, may not exceed .015 per dollar of taxable value
609	of taxable property in the district.
610	(2) The limitation described in Subsection (1) does not apply to the levy by the public
611	infrastructure district to pay principal of and interest on a general obligation bond that the
612	public infrastructure district issues.
613	(3) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which the creating entity adopts the resolution
614	creating the public infrastructure district, the board shall record a notice with the recorder of
615	the county in which property within the public infrastructure district is located.
616	(b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a) shall:

(i) contain a description of the boundaries of the public infrastructure district;

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618	(ii) state that a copy of the governing document is on file at the office of the creating
619	entity;
620	(iii) state that the public infrastructure district may finance and repay infrastructure and
621	other improvements through the levy of a property tax; and
622	(iv) state the maximum rate that the public infrastructure district may levy.
623	Section 13. Section 17B-2a-1210 is enacted to read:
624	17B-2a-1210. Property tax penalty for nonpayment.
625	In the event of nonpayment of any tax, fee, or charge that a public infrastructure district
626	imposes, the public infrastructure district may impose a property tax penalty at an annual rate
627	of .07, in addition to any other lawful penalty for nonpayment of property tax.
628	Section 14. Section 17B-2a-1211 is enacted to read:
629	17B-2a-1211. Relation to other local entities.
630	(1) Notwithstanding the creation of the public infrastructure district, the creating entity
631	and any other public entity, as applicable, retains all of the entity's authority over all zoning,
632	planning, design specifications and approvals, and permitting within the public infrastructure
633	district.
634	(2) The inclusion of property within the boundaries of a public infrastructure district
635	does not preclude the inclusion of the property within any other local district.
636	(3) (a) All infrastructure that is connected to another public entity's system:
637	(i) belongs to that public entity, regardless of inclusion within the boundaries of a
638	public infrastructure district, unless the public infrastructure district and the public entity
639	otherwise agree; and
640	(ii) shall comply with the design, inspection requirements, and other standards of the
641	public entity.
642	(b) The public infrastructure district shall convey or transfer the infrastructure
643	described in Subsection (3)(a) free of liens or financial encumbrances to the public entity at no
644	cost to the public entity.
645	Section 15 Section 17R 20 1212 is angeted to read:

646	<u>17B-2a-1212.</u> Transparency.
647	A public infrastructure district shall file annual reports with the creating entity
648	regarding the public infrastructure district's actions as provided in the governing document.
649	Section 16. Section 17B-2a-1213 is enacted to read:
650	17B-2a-1213. Action to contest tax, fee, or proceeding Requirements
651	Exclusive remedy Bonds, taxes, and fees incontestable.
652	(1) A person who contests a tax or fee or any proceeding to create a public
653	infrastructure district, levy a tax, or impose a fee may bring a civil action against the public
654	infrastructure district or the creating entity to:
655	(a) set aside the proceeding; or
656	(b) enjoin the levy, imposition, or collection of a tax or fee.
657	(2) The person bringing an action described in Subsection (1):
658	(a) shall bring the action in the district court with jurisdiction in the county in which
659	the public infrastructure district is located; and
660	(b) may not bring the action against or serve a summons relating to the action on the
661	public infrastructure district more than 30 days after the effective date of the:
662	(i) creation of the public infrastructure district, if the challenge is to the creation of the
663	public infrastructure district; or
664	(ii) tax or fee, if the challenge is to a tax or fee.
665	(3) An action under Subsection (1) is the exclusive remedy of a person who:
666	(a) claims an error or irregularity in a tax or fee or in any proceeding to create a public
667	infrastructure district, levy a tax, or impose a fee; or
668	(b) challenges a bondholder's right to repayment.
669	(4) After the expiration of the 30-day period described in Subsection (2)(b):
670	(a) a bond issued or to be issued with respect to a public infrastructure district and any
671	tax levied or fee imposed becomes incontestable against any person who has not brought an
672	action and served a summons in accordance with this section;
673	(b) a person may not bring a suit to:

674	(i) enjoin the issuance or payment of a bond or the levy, imposition, collection, or
675	enforcement of a tax or fee; or
676	(ii) attack or question in any way the legality of a bond, tax, or fee; and
677	(c) a court may not inquire into the matters described in Subsection (4)(b).
678	(5) (a) This section does not insulate a public infrastructure district from a claim of
679	misuse of funds after the expiration of the 30-day period described in Subsection (2)(b).
680	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), an action in the nature of mandamus
681	is the sole form of relief available to a party challenging the misuse of funds.
682	(ii) The limitation in Subsection (5)(b)(i) does not prohibit the filing of criminal
683	charges against or the prosecution of a party for the misuse of funds.
684	Section 17. Section <b>59-2-1317</b> is amended to read:
685	59-2-1317. Tax notice Contents of notice Procedures and requirements for
686	providing notice.
687	(1) As used in this section, "political subdivision lien" means the same as that term is
688	defined in Section 11-60-102.
689	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the county treasurer shall:
690	(a) collect the taxes and tax notice charges; and
691	(b) provide a notice to each taxpayer that contains the following:
692	(i) the kind and value of property assessed to the taxpayer;
693	(ii) the street address of the property, if available to the county;
694	(iii) that the property may be subject to a detailed review in the next year under Section
695	59-2-303.1;
696	(iv) the amount of taxes levied;
697	(v) a separate statement of the taxes levied only on a certain kind or class of property
698	for a special purpose;
699	(vi) property tax information pertaining to taxpayer relief, options for payment of
700	taxes, and collection procedures;
701	(vii) any tax notice charges applicable to the property, including:

702 (A) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for road damage that a railroad company 703 causes, as described in Section 10-7-30; 704 (B) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for municipal water distribution, as 705 described in Section 10-8-17, or a political subdivision lien for an increase in supply from a 706 municipal water distribution, as described in Section 10-8-19; 707 (C) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for unpaid abatement fees as described in Section 10-11-4; 708 709 (D) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for the unpaid portion of an assessment 710 assessed in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act, or Title 11, Chapter 711 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act, including unpaid costs, charges, and interest as of the date the local entity certifies the unpaid amount to the county treasurer; 712 713 (E) if applicable, for a local district in accordance with Section 17B-1-902, a political subdivision lien for an unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest; 714 715 (F) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for an unpaid irrigation district use charge 716 as described in Section 17B-2a-506; [and] 717 (G) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for a contract assessment under a water 718 contract, as described in Section 17B-2a-1007; and 719 (H) if applicable, a property tax penalty that a public infrastructure district imposes, as 720 described in Section 17B-2a-1210; (viii) a statement that, due to potentially ongoing charges, costs, penalties, and interest. 721 722 payment of a tax notice charge may not: 723 (A) pay off the full amount the property owner owes to the tax notice entity; or 724 (B) cause a release of the lien underlying the tax notice charge; 725 (ix) the date the taxes and tax notice charges are due;

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(x) the street address at which the taxes and tax notice charges may be paid;

(xiii) a statement that explains the taxpayer's right to direct allocation of a partial

(xi) the date on which the taxes and tax notice charges are delinquent;

(xii) the penalty imposed on delinquent taxes and tax notice charges:

payment in accordance with Subsection (9);

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- 731 (xiv) other information specifically authorized to be included on the notice under this 732 chapter; and
  - (xv) other property tax information approved by the commission.
- 734 (3) (a) Unless expressly allowed under this section or another statutory provision, the 735 treasurer may not add an amount to be collected to the property tax notice.
  - (b) If the county treasurer adds an amount to be collected to the property tax notice under this section or another statutory provision that expressly authorizes the item's inclusion on the property tax notice:
    - (i) the amount constitutes a tax notice charge; and
    - (ii) (A) the tax notice charge has the same priority as property tax; and
- 741 (B) a delinquency of the tax notice charge triggers a tax sale, in accordance with 742 Section 59-2-1343.
  - (4) For any property for which property taxes or tax notice charges are delinquent, the notice described in Subsection (2) shall state, "Prior taxes or tax notice charges are delinquent on this parcel."
    - (5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the county treasurer shall:
    - (a) mail the notice required by this section, postage prepaid; or
  - (b) leave the notice required by this section at the taxpayer's residence or usual place of business, if known.
    - (6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a county treasurer may, at the county treasurer's discretion, provide the notice required by this section by electronic mail if a taxpayer makes an election, according to procedures determined by the county treasurer, to receive the notice by electronic mail.
    - (b) A taxpayer may revoke an election to receive the notice required by this section by electronic mail if the taxpayer provides written notice to the treasurer on or before October 1.
  - (c) A revocation of an election under this section does not relieve a taxpayer of the duty to pay a tax or tax notice charge due under this chapter on or before the due date for

paying the tax or tax notice charge.

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- 759 (d) A county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section using a method 760 described in Subsection (5), until a taxpayer makes a new election in accordance with this 761 Subsection (6), if:
  - (i) the taxpayer revokes an election in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) to receive the notice required by this section by electronic mail; or
    - (ii) the county treasurer finds that the taxpayer's electronic mail address is invalid.
  - (e) A person is considered to be a taxpayer for purposes of this Subsection (6) regardless of whether the property that is the subject of the notice required by this section is exempt from taxation.
- 768 (7) (a) The county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section to a taxpayer on or before November 1.
- 770 (b) The county treasurer shall keep on file in the county treasurer's office the 771 information set forth in the notice.
  - (c) The county treasurer is not required to mail a tax receipt acknowledging payment.
- 773 (8) This section does not apply to property taxed under Section 59-2-1302 or 774 59-2-1307.
- 775 (9) (a) A taxpayer who pays less than the full amount due on the taxpayer's property tax 776 notice may, on a form provided by the county treasurer, direct how the county treasurer 777 allocates the partial payment between:
  - (i) the total amount due for property tax;
- 779 (ii) the amount due for assessments, past due local district fees, and other tax notice 780 charges; and
- 781 (iii) any other amounts due on the property tax notice.
- 782 (b) The county treasurer shall comply with a direction submitted to the county treasurer 783 in accordance with Subsection (9)(a).
  - (c) The provisions of this Subsection (9) do not:
- (i) affect the right or ability of a local entity to pursue any available remedy for

non-payment of any item listed on a taxpayer's property tax notice; or

(ii) toll or otherwise change any time period related to a remedy described in

Subsection (9)(c)(i).